

Sabar Kantha (to 1933, Mahi Kantha and Banas Kantha) Semi-Jurisdictional States and Non-Jurisdictional States

Semi-jurisdictional states were in direct relations with the British Political Agent. The criminal and civil jurisdiction in these states was shared by the ruler and the British. All semi-jurisdictional rulers were non-salute. The precedence among rulers of these states was held by Malpur in the Mahi Kantha states and by Tharad in the Banas Kantha states by the degree of jurisdiction.

Name of state*	Population in thousands in 1931	Title of ruler in 1939	Class of jurisdiction in 1925 and maximum imprisonment term in 1939**	Attaching state and year, unless it is 1943
- Mahi Kantha states -				
Ambaliara	10	Thakor	5th-2yrs	Baroda
Bolundra***	1	Thakor		Idar
<i>Dabha</i>	2	Thakor		Baroda
Dadhalia	4	Thakor		Idar
Dedhrota***	1	Thakor		Baroda
Derol***	1	Thakor		Baroda
Gabat	1	Thakor		Idar
Ghodasar	7	Thakor	5th-2yrs	Baroda
Hapa***	1	Thakor		Baroda
Ilol	5	Thakor	5th-2yrs	Baroda
Kadoli***	1	Thakor		Baroda
Katosan	6	Thakor	4th-2yrs	Baroda
Khadal	3	Thakor	5th-2yrs	Baroda
Khedawada***	1	Thakor		Baroda
Likhi***	1	Thakor		Idar
Magodi	3	Thakor		Baroda
Malpur	14	Raol	4th-3yrs	Baroda
Mansa	17	Raol	4th-3yrs	Baroda
Mohanpur	14	Thakor	4th-3yrs	No attachment
Pethapur	5	Thakor	5th	Baroda, 1940
Prempur***	3	Thakor		Baroda
Punadra	2	Thakor	5th-2yrs	Baroda
Ramas	2	Thakor		Baroda
Ranasan	5	Thakor	5th-2yrs	Idar
Rupal***	5	Thakor		Idar
Sathamba	5	Thakor		Idar
Sudasna	7	Thakor	5th-2yrs	Baroda
Tajpuri***	2	Thakor		Baroda
Vaktapur***	2	Thakor		Baroda
Valasna	4	Thakor	2yrs	Baroda
Varsoda	4	Thakor	5th-2yrs	Baroda
Vasna	4	Thakor	2yrs	Baroda
Wadagam	3	Thakor		Idar
- Banas Kantha states -				
Adesar-Santalpur	0.4	Thakor		Radhanpur
Deodar (2 states)	9	Thakor		Baroda
<i>Terwada</i>	6	Thakor		Radhanpur
Thara	11	Thakor		Baroda

Tharad	54	Thakor	3rd-7yrs	Baroda
<i>Warahi</i> (2 states)	4	Malek		Radhanpur
Wao	21	Rana	4th-3yrs	Baroda

* The states whose rulers were represented at the Chamber of Princes (1921-1947) as of 1947 are indicated by the state names in **bold**. The states under Muslim rulers are indicated by *italicized* state names.

** The classes of jurisdiction were defined in 1877 and abolished in 1925/28, but the graded jurisdiction remained. Only the 3rd-5th classes (characterized by the right to apply imprisonment up to 7, 3 or 2 years) are noted, the 6th and 7th classes (characterized by the right to apply imprisonment for less than 6 months) are omitted here (the 1st and 2nd class state rulers were fully jurisdictional salute rulers).

*** These states formed the Sabar Kantha Thana until it was dissolved in the 1920's.

Non-jurisdictional states, referred to as talukas, were organized in circles (Thanas) under the control of the British Deputy Political Agent represented in each Thana by a Thanadar in exercise of jurisdiction and revenue collection. The criminal and civil jurisdiction in the talukas was assumed by the British on behalf of the taluka rulers, still the talukas remained outside of the British India.

Name of Thana	Population in thousands (1931)*	Attaching state and year, unless it is 1943

- Mahi Kantha states-		
Bawishi Thana (25 talukas)	30	Baroda (22 talukas), Bombay province, 1947 (3 talukas)
Gadhwada Thana	19	Baroda, except # to Idar
Includes 15 talukas: Ambavada, Bhalusna (1), Chandup, Dedasan, Ghazipur, Hadal (1), Mohur #, Mota Kothasna, Nana Kothasna, Nedardi, Satlasna (6), Timba, Udni, Umri, Vinchi		
Katosan Thana	13	Baroda, 1940
Includes 10 talukas: Deloli, Ijpura, Kasalpura, Maguna, Memadpura, Palaj (1), Rampura, Ranipura, Tejpura, Virsoda		
Vatrak Kantha Thana (7 talukas)	11	Baroda (3 talukas), Bombay province, 1947 (4 talukas)
- Banas Kantha states -		
Deodar Thana (32 talukas)	31	Baroda (22 talukas), Radhanpur (10 talukas)
Suigam Subthana (10 talukas)**	9	Baroda
Kankrej Thana (36 talukas)	42	Baroda
Santalpur Thana (30 talukas)	14	Radhanpur
Varahi Thana (21 talukas)	11	Radhanpur

* Population of individual talukas in 1931 in thousands indicated by number in parentheses after name of taluka if population exceeded 1 thousand. Some thanas were very fragmented and boundaries of talukas were not delineated, therefore populations of individual talukas were not known.

** Suigam Subthana was administered by the Thanadar of Deodar Thana.