

THE CONSTITUTION.

Letters Patent providing for the constitution of Responsible Government in the Colony of Southern Rhodesia.

(Being the Southern Rhodesia Constitution Letters Patent of 1st September, 1923 ⁽¹⁾, as amended by Letters Patent of 28th May, 1927 ⁽²⁾, 26th March, 1930 ⁽³⁾, 22nd July, 1931 ⁽⁴⁾, 6th April, 1934 ⁽⁵⁾, and 25th March, 1937 ⁽⁶⁾, and by the Constitution Letters Patent Amendment Act, 1925 ⁽⁷⁾, the Ministerial Titles Act, 1933 ⁽⁸⁾, the Constitution Amendment Act, 1937 ⁽⁹⁾, and the Constitution Amendment Act, 1938 ⁽¹⁰⁾.)

George the Fifth by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, unto all to whom these presents shall come Greeting. Dated the 1st September, 1923.

WHEREAS by the Southern Rhodesia Order in Council, 1898, as added to, altered or amended by divers further Orders in Council, provision was made for the administration of the government of certain territories of Africa under Our protection and known as Southern Rhodesia: Recites Southern Rhodesia Order in Council, 1898, and Amending Orders.

AND WHEREAS by an Order in Our Privy Council bearing date the 30th day of July, 1923, and known as the Southern Rhodesia (Annexation) Order in Council, 1923, it is provided that the territories within the limits of the Southern Rhodesia Order in Council, 1898, and known as Southern Rhodesia, shall, from and after the coming into operation of the said Order, be annexed to and form part of Our Dominions, and shall be known as the Colony of Southern Rhodesia: Recites Southern Rhodesia (Annexation) Order in Council, 1923.

AND WHEREAS We are minded to provide for the establishment of Responsible Government, subject to certain limitations herein-after set forth, in Our said Colony:

(1) In force from 1st October, 1923.

(2) In force from 15th July, 1927. (Proc. No. 11, 1927.)

(3) In force from 26th March, 1930. (Proc. No. 11, 1930, and revoked on 22nd October, 1937, by Proc. No. 15, 1937.)

(4) In force from 22nd July, 1931. (Proc. No. 38, 1931, and revoked on 22nd October, 1937, by Proc. No. 15, 1937.)

(5) In force from 6th April, 1934. (Proc. No. 4, 1934.)

(6) In force from 22nd October, 1937. (Proc. No. 15, 1937.)

(7) In force from 19th June, 1925.

(8) In force from 7th July, 1933. (Proc. No. 12, 1933.)

(9) In force from 23rd October, 1937. (Proc. No. 17, 1937.)

(10) In force from 30th December, 1938. (Proc. No. 48, 1938.)

Now KNOW YE that We do declare Our will and pleasure to be as follows:—

THE LEGISLATURE.

The Legis-
lature.

1. In place of the Legislative Council now subsisting there shall be a Legislature consisting of a Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly, constituted as hereinafter provided.

Subject to the provisoes hereinafter contained, the constitution, appointment and powers of the Legislative Council now subsisting shall continue in force and the duration of the said Council shall extend until the date of the nomination of Members for election to the Legislative Assembly, and no longer :

Provided, however, that until the said date—

- (a) The persons other than the Administrator who at the commencement of these Our Letters Patent are Members of the said Legislative Council now subsisting shall continue to be Members thereof;
- (b) The Governor of the Colony shall be a Member of the said Council in place of the Administrator, and shall preside at the meetings thereof, and in his absence such other Member of the said Council as may be appointed in writing by the Governor shall preside;
- (c) The power of the British South Africa Company to remove or suspend nominated Members of the said Council shall be vested in the Governor, and whenever the seat of a nominated Member becomes vacant by death, resignation or removal, the Governor shall appoint a successor.

THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Legislative
Council
Constitution.

2. It shall be lawful at any time after the commencement of these Our Letters Patent for the Legislative Assembly to pass a law, subject as hereinafter provided, constituting the Legislative Council, and until any such law shall have been passed and brought into operation the Legislative Assembly shall be for all purposes the Legislature within the meaning of these Our Letters Patent.

THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Legislative
Assembly
Constitution.

3. The Legislative Assembly shall consist of thirty members, who shall be elected by the voters in and for the several electoral districts as hereinafter defined, and for the purpose of constituting the Legislative Assembly the Governor, before the time appointed for the first meeting thereof, and thereafter from time to time as occasion shall require, and without undue

delay, may in Our name issue writs under the Public Seal of the Colony for the general election of Members to serve in the Legislative Assembly.

Election of Members.

4. The qualifications and disqualifications of persons to be voters at any election of Members of the Legislative Assembly to be held under the provisions of these Our Letters Patent shall be those prescribed by the existing electoral laws of the Colony, as hereinafter defined, or by any laws amending or substituted for the same hereafter to be passed by the Legislature constituted by these Our Letters Patent.

Qualifications and disqualifications of voters.

5. (1) For the purpose of the first election of Members of the Legislative Assembly, to be held under the provisions of these Our Letters Patent, the voters shall be the persons whose names appear on the register hereinafter mentioned.

First elections.

(2) For the purpose of the said first election the electoral districts shall be those constituted under the High Commissioner's Proclamation No. 28 of 1923, entitled "The Electoral Districts Delimitation Proclamation, 1923," as amended by Proclamation No. 35 of 1923. It shall be lawful for the Governor by Proclamation published in the *Gazette* to declare what number of Members shall be elected to the Legislative Assembly for each district, and where more than one Member is to be returned for any district, to make any necessary amendments in the existing electoral laws of the Colony with regard to the method of voting and the general conduct of the election.

(3) For the purpose of the said first election the Governor shall as soon as practicable after the date of the commencement of these Our Letters Patent cause lists of voters resident in each such electoral district at that date to be compiled in accordance with the existing electoral laws of the Colony, and the lists so compiled shall constitute the register of voters for the said first election.

6. Subject to the provisions of the last preceding section, the registration of voters, the preparation of lists of voters, the nomination of candidates, the conduct of elections and the hearing of election petitions shall be carried out in accordance with the existing electoral laws of the Colony, or any laws amending or substituted for the same hereafter to be passed by the Legislature constituted by these Our Letters Patent.

Application of existing electoral laws for purposes of elections generally.

7. There shall be a biennial registration of voters in every electoral district commencing not later than the last day of December in the year next but one after the commencement of the last preceding registration, and so on during each successive biennial period.

Biennial registration of voters.

Re-division
of Colony
into electoral
districts.
(*New
section
substituted by
the Constitu-
tion Amend-
ment Act,
No. 31, 1938.*)

8. (1) As soon as may be after the 1st January, 1942, and thereafter quinquennially after the said date, the Governor shall appoint a commission consisting of three persons, of whom one shall be the Chief Justice of the Colony, and two shall be persons selected by the said Chief Justice, to re-divide the Colony into electoral districts for the purpose of the election of Members of the Legislative Assembly. The Chief Justice shall be the chairman of the commission.

(2) If in the opinion of the commission the growth or distribution of the population justifies an alteration of the electoral districts of the Colony, whether fixed by Act of Parliament or a previous commission, the commission shall re-divide the Colony into thirty electoral districts, each returning one Member.

The commission shall give due consideration to—

- (a) community of interests;
- (b) means of communication;
- (c) physical features;
- (d) existing electoral boundaries;
- (e) sparsity and density of population;

in such manner that, while taking an equal number of voters to be represented by one Member of the Legislative Assembly as a basis of division, the commission may, whenever it deems necessary, depart therefrom, but in no case to any greater extent than fifteen per centum more or less than an equal number of voters.

(3) The commission appointed under the provisions of sub-section (1) of this section shall submit to the Governor—

- (a) a list of electoral districts, with the names given to them by the commission and a description of the boundaries of every such district;
- (b) a map or maps showing the electoral districts into which the Colony has been divided;
- (c) such further particulars as they consider necessary.

(4) The Governor may refer to the commission for their consideration any matter relating to such list or arising out of the powers or duties of the commission.

(5) The Governor shall proclaim the names and boundaries of the electoral districts as finally settled and certified by the commission or a majority thereof, and thereafter, until there shall be a re-division, the electoral districts as named and defined shall be the electoral districts of the Colony. Any Act of Parliament which fixed the electoral districts of the Colony shall be deemed to be repealed, with effect from the date that such re-division comes into operation, in terms of the next section.

(6) If any discrepancy arises between the description of the electoral districts and the aforesaid map or maps, the description shall prevail.

9. Any re-division of the Colony made as aforesaid shall come into operation at the next general election held after the completion of the re-division, and not earlier.

When revision of Colony to come into operation. Qualification of Members of Legislative Assembly.

10. Until otherwise provided by the Legislature constituted by these Our Letters Patent, persons qualified under the existing electoral laws of the Colony to become Members of the Legislative Council now subsisting shall be qualified to become Members of the Legislative Assembly.

11. (1) The Legislative Assembly shall, on their first meeting, before proceeding to the despatch of any other business, elect one of their Members to be Speaker and another to be Deputy Speaker and Chairman of Committees (hereinafter called the Deputy Speaker) of the said Assembly (subject in both cases to confirmation by the Governor) until the dissolution thereof, and in case of vacancy in either office another Speaker or Deputy Speaker, as the case may be, shall be elected in like manner and subject to such confirmation as aforesaid.

Speaker and Deputy Speaker of Legislative Assembly.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of the preceding subsection it shall be lawful for the Legislative Assembly, if they see fit, to elect any suitable person other than one of their Members to be Speaker, and any person so elected shall be entitled to exercise and perform all the powers and duties by these Our Letters Patent, including the power and duty to exercise a casting vote as provided in section 21 thereof, or by any Standing Rules and Orders from time to time in force under the provisions of section 23 thereof, or otherwise howsoever, vested in the Speaker of the Legislative Assembly.

12. The Speaker, or in his absence the Deputy Speaker, and in the absence of both Speaker and Deputy Speaker, some Member elected by the Legislative Assembly, shall preside at the meetings thereof.

Speaker to preside.

13. The Legislative Assembly shall not be disqualified from the transaction of business on account of any vacancies among the Members thereof, but the said Assembly shall not be competent to proceed to the despatch of business unless ten Members be present.

Quorum.

14. Any Member of the Legislative Assembly may resign his seat therein by writing under his hand addressed to the Speaker, and upon the receipt of such resignation by the Speaker the seat of such Member shall become vacant:

Resignation of seat in Legislative Assembly.

Provided that no Member shall, without the permission of the Legislative Assembly, resign his seat while any proceedings are

pending in respect of his election if it is alleged in those proceedings that any corrupt or illegal practices took place at that election, or while any proceedings are contemplated or pending in respect of his conduct in, or as a Member of, the Legislative Assembly.

Writs for filling vacancies.

15. (1) Whenever a vacancy occurs in the Legislative Assembly from any cause, other than as the result of an election petition, the Speaker shall, upon a resolution of the said Assembly declaring such vacancy, inform the Governor thereof.

(2) Provided that if such vacancy occurs when the Legislative Assembly is not in session, the Speaker, or in the case of the death, incapacity or absence from the Colony of the Speaker, the Clerk to the Assembly, shall, on a certificate under the hands of two Members of the Assembly, stating that such vacancy has occurred and the cause thereof, inform the Governor thereof.

(3) The Governor on receiving such information shall without delay cause the necessary steps to be taken for filling such vacancy in accordance with the law for the time being in force in the Colony under the provisions of section 6 of these Our Letters Patent.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL AND LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Sessions of Legislature.

16. (1) There shall be a Session of the Legislature once at least in every year, so that a period of twelve months shall not intervene between the last sitting of the Legislature in one Session and the first sitting thereof in the next Session.

(2) The first Session shall be held within eight months of the date when these Our Letters Patent shall commence to take effect.

Place and time of holding Sessions of Legislature.

17. The first and every other Session of the Legislature shall be held in such place and at such time as may be notified by the Governor by Proclamation in the *Gazette*.

Prorogation and dissolution of Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly.

18. (1) The Governor may from time to time prorogue the Legislature by Proclamation, which shall be published in the *Gazette*, and may in like manner, whenever he shall think fit, dissolve the Legislative Council and the Legislative Assembly simultaneously, or the Legislative Assembly alone.

(2) The Governor shall dissolve the Legislative Council and the Legislative Assembly at the expiration of five years from the date of the first meeting thereof.

Governor may transmit Bills to Legislature.

19. The Governor may transmit by message to the Legislative Council and the Legislative Assembly the draft of any Bill which it may appear to him desirable to introduce, and all such drafts shall be taken into consideration by the said Council and Assembly, as the case may be, in such convenient manner as shall be provided in that behalf by Rules of Procedure.

20. (1) Every Member of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly shall, before being permitted to sit or vote therein, take and subscribe the following oath before the President or Speaker respectively, or before such person as may be appointed thereto by the Governor should such oath be required to be taken before the appointment or election of a President or Speaker as the case may be:—

Oath to be taken by Members of Legislature.

“ I, A.B., do swear that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to His Majesty King George the Fifth, his heirs and successors, according to Law. So help me God.”

(2) Provided that any person authorised by law to make a solemn affirmation or declaration instead of taking an oath may make such affirmation or declaration in lieu of such oath.

21. Subject to the provisions contained in section 26 of these Our Letters Patent, all questions in the Legislative Council or Legislative Assembly shall be determined by a majority of the votes of Members present, other than the President, Speaker or presiding Member, who shall, however, have and exercise a casting vote in case of an equality of votes.

Questions to be decided by majority of votes.

22. If any Member of the Legislative Council or Legislative Assembly—

Member's seat in Legislature, how vacated.

- (1) shall be absent, except on the ground of illness, from the sittings of the Legislative Council or the Legislative Assembly, as the case may be, for a period of one month during any session without the leave of the Legislative Council or the Legislative Assembly, as the case may be; or
- (2) (*Deleted by the Constitution Letters Patent Amendment Act, No. 7 of 1925.*)
- (3) shall take any oath, or make any declaration or acknowledgment of allegiance, obedience or adherence to any foreign State or Power; or
- (4) shall do, concur in or adopt any act whereby he may become the subject or citizen of any such State or Power; or
- (5) shall become an insolvent or take advantage of any Law for the relief of insolvent debtors; or
- (6) shall be attainted of treason, or be sentenced to imprisonment without the option of a fine for a term of not less than twelve months; or
- (7) shall become of unsound mind; or
- (8) shall accept any office of profit under the Crown other than that of a Minister or that of an officer of Our naval

(Words in italics added by the Constitution Amendment Act, No. 22 of 1937.)

and military forces on retired or half-pay, or that of an officer or member of the Defence Forces of the Colony whose services are not wholly employed by the Colony ;

his seat shall become vacant, and if any person under any of the disqualifications herein mentioned shall, whilst so disqualified, knowingly sit or vote as a Member of the said Council or Assembly, such person shall forfeit the sum of one hundred pounds, to be recovered by the Attorney General for the benefit of the Treasury by action in the High Court:

Saving of pensioners.

Provided that a person in receipt of pension from the Crown shall not be deemed to hold an office of profit under the Crown within the meaning of this section.

Standing Rules and Orders.

23. (1) The Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly in their first Session, and from time to time afterwards as there shall be occasion, shall each adopt Standing Rules and Orders, joint as well as otherwise, for the regulation and orderly conduct of their proceedings and the despatch of business, and for the order in which the said Council and Assembly shall confer, correspond and communicate with each other, and for the passing, intituling and numbering of Bills, and for the presentation of the same to the Governor for Our assent.

(2) *(Repealed by the Constitution Amendment Act, No. 22 of 1937.)*

(3) Provided that the Standing Rules and Orders of the Legislative Council as now subsisting shall, until altered, added to or amended, be the Standing Rules and Orders of the Legislative Council and of the Legislative Assembly.

Officers of Legislature.

24. The salary of the President of the Legislative Council and of the Speaker of the Legislative Assembly shall be such as may be prescribed by any Law of the Colony; and the Chief Clerk for the time being of the Legislative Council and of the Legislative Assembly shall respectively be removable from office only in accordance with a vote of the House of which he is an officer.

Privileges, etc., of Members.

25. (1) It shall be lawful for the Legislature of the Colony by any Law to define the privileges, immunities and powers to be held, enjoyed and exercised by the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly, and by the Members thereof respectively:

Provided that no such privileges, immunities or powers shall exceed those for the time being held, enjoyed and exercised by the Commons House of Parliament of Our United Kingdom or the Members thereof.

(2) Until the Legislature shall so define the privileges, immunities and powers of its Members, those which are now held,

enjoyed and exercised by the Members of the subsisting Legislative Council shall be held, enjoyed and exercised by the Members of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly.

LEGISLATION.

26. (1) It shall be lawful for Us and Our successors, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislature, subject to the provisions of these Our Letters Patent, to make all Laws, to be entitled "Acts," which shall be required for the peace, order and good government of the Colony.

Power to
make Laws.

(2) A Law passed by the Legislature may repeal or alter any of the provisions of these Our Letters Patent, save those contained in this section, and those contained in section 28 (relating to the reservation of Bills), sections 39-47 (1) (relating to Native Administration), and section 55 (relating to the salary of the Governor), and may likewise repeal or alter any of the provisions of any Order in Our Privy Council extending to Southern Rhodesia other than provisions affecting any matter mentioned in this sub-section:

(1) Section 47
revoked by
Letters
Patent of the
25th March,
1937. See
Proclamation
No. 15 of
1937.)

Provided, however, that no proposed Law for the constitution of a Legislative Council in pursuance of section 2 of these Our Letters Patent shall repeal or alter any of the provisions relating to the Legislative Council contained in these Our Letters Patent, and such provisions shall not be repealed or altered save by a Law passed by both Houses of the Legislature, after the constitution of a Legislative Council as aforesaid:

Provided further that no proposed Law for the repeal or alteration of any such provisions of these Our Letters Patent as may be repealed or altered by the Legislature as aforesaid shall be valid unless it shall be affirmed by not less than two-thirds of the total number of Members of each House of the Legislature, or, pending the constitution of a Legislative Council, of the Legislative Assembly.

(3) Any Law made in contravention of the limitations imposed by sub-section (2) of this section shall to the extent of such contravention but not otherwise be and remain absolutely void and inoperative.

27. When any Law has been passed by the Legislature it shall be presented for Our assent to the Governor, who shall declare according to his discretion, but subject to this Constitution and any instructions in that behalf given him, under Our Sign Manual and Signet, or through a Secretary of State, that he assents in Our name, or that he withholds assent, or that he reserves the Law for the signification of Our pleasure.

Presentation
of Laws for
Governor's
assent.

Description of Bills to be reserved.

28. Unless he shall have previously obtained Our instructions upon such Law through a Secretary of State, or unless such Law shall contain a clause suspending the operation thereof until the signification in the Colony of Our pleasure thereupon, the Governor shall reserve—

- (a) any Law, save in respect of the supply of arms, ammunition or liquor to natives, whereby natives may be subjected or made liable to any conditions, disabilities or restrictions to which persons of European descent are not also subjected or made liable;
- (b) any Law which may repeal, alter or amend, or is in any way repugnant to or inconsistent with such provisions of these Our Letters Patent, as may under these Our Letters Patent be repealed or altered by the Legislature;
- (c) any Law constituting the Legislative Council passed in pursuance of section 2 of these Our Letters Patent;
- (d) (*Deleted by Letters Patent of 6th April, 1934. See Proclamation No. 4 of 1934.*)
- (d) any law which may repeal, alter or amend, or is in any way repugnant to or inconsistent with the Land Apportionment Act, 1930 ⁽¹⁾, of the Legislature of the Colony.
- (e) (*Deleted by Letters Patent of 26th March, 1930. See Proclamation No. 11 of 1927.*)

(*New paragraph (d) added by Letters Patent of 25th March, 1937. See Proclamation No. 15 of 1937.*)

Return of Bills by Governor to the Legislature.

29. The Governor may return to the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly any proposed Law so presented to him, and may transmit therewith any amendments which he may recommend, and the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly may deal with the recommendation.

Assent to Laws and time from which they take effect.

30. No Law passed by the Legislature shall take effect until either the Governor shall have assented thereto in Our name and on Our behalf, and shall have signed the same in token of such assent, or until We shall have given Our assent thereto by Our Order in Our Privy Council.

Disallowance by the King.

31. It shall be lawful for Us, Our heirs and successors, to disallow any Law within one year from the date of the Governor's assent thereto, and such disallowance, on being made known by the Governor by Speech or Message to the Legislative Council and the Legislative Assembly, or by Proclamation in the *Gazette*, shall annul the Law from the day when the disallowance is so made known.

(¹) Chapter 240 in this edition of the statute laws.

32. A proposed Law reserved for Our pleasure shall not have any force unless and until, within one year from the day on which it was presented to the Governor for Our assent, the Governor makes known, by Speech or Message to the Legislative Council and the Legislative Assembly, or by Proclamation in the *Gazette*, that it has received Our Assent.

Signification of King's pleasure on Bills reserved.

33. Whenever any Law has been reserved for the signification of Our pleasure thereon, and the Governor shall signify, either by Speech or Message to the Legislature or by Proclamation in the *Gazette*, that such Law has been laid before Us in Our Privy Council, and that We have been pleased to assent to the same, an entry shall be made in the journals of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of every such Speech, Message or Proclamation, and a duplicate thereof duly attested shall be delivered to the proper officer, to be kept amongst the records of the Colony.

Record to be made of King's assent to Bills reserved.

34. The Governor shall cause every Law to which he shall have assented in Our name or to which We shall have given Our assent as aforesaid to be printed in the *Gazette* for general information.

Laws to be printed in *Gazette*.

35. As soon as may be after any Law shall have been assented to in Our name by the Governor or, having been reserved for the signification of Our pleasure, Our assent thereto shall, in the manner aforesaid, have been signified by the Governor, the Clerk of the Legislative Assembly shall cause a fair copy of such Law signed by the Governor to be enrolled on record in the office of the Registrar of the High Court, and such copy shall be conclusive evidence as to the provisions of every such Law:

Copies of Laws to be enrolled.

Provided, however, that the validity of any such Law shall not depend upon the enrolment thereof.

36. Whenever any Law assented to by the Governor in Our name as aforesaid has been disallowed by Us, the Governor shall cause notice of such disallowance to be published in the *Gazette*, and a certificate of such disallowance, certified under the Public Seal of the Colony, to be enrolled in the office of the Registrar of the High Court.

Disallowance to be notified in *Gazette* and certificates of disallowance to be enrolled.

THE MINISTRY.

37. (1) The Governor may appoint such officers as he thinks fit, not exceeding six in number, to be Ministers, one of whom he shall designate as Head of the Ministry, who shall be styled the Prime Minister, and may assign to each Minister the Headship of such Department or Departments as he shall think fit.

Ministers.
 ("Prime Minister" substituted for "Premier," by the Ministerial Titles Act, No. 9 of 1933.)

(2) Appointments to the office of Minister shall be made by the Governor in Our name, and such offices shall be held during Our pleasure.

(3) After the first general election of Members of the Legislative Assembly no Minister shall hold office for a longer period than four months unless he is or becomes a Member of either House of the Legislature.

(4) No Minister shall vacate his seat in the Legislative Council or Legislative Assembly by reason of his appointment to or retention of an office in the Ministry.

(5) Every Minister shall have the right to sit and speak both in the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly, but shall vote only in the House of which he is a Member.

JUDGES.

38. The Judges of the High Court—

- (1) shall be appointed by the Governor in Council;
- (2) shall not be removed except by the Governor in Council on an Address from the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly in the same Session praying for such removal on the ground of proved misbehaviour or incapacity;
- (3) shall receive such remuneration as shall from time to time be prescribed by Law, but the remuneration of a Judge shall not be diminished during his tenure of office, and the remuneration of the present Judges shall not be diminished, and their commissions shall continue as heretofore.

NATIVE ADMINISTRATION.

39 (1). (1) There shall be a Native Department, the permanent head of which shall be styled the Chief Native Commissioner and shall be appointed by the Governor in Council, and the Assistant Chief Native Commissioner and all Superintendents of Natives, Native Commissioners and Assistant Native Commissioners or any officers appointed to exercise the functions now exercised by the aforesaid officers or any of them shall be appointed in the like manner, and the said officers shall continue to perform the duties at present assigned to them, subject to any alterations or additions which may be made from time to time by Act of the Legislature of the Colony or order of the Governor in Council.

(¹) The following section (being section V. of Letters Patent of 25th March, 1937) governs the interpretation of sections 39 to 46:—

“ V. The provisions of section 37 of the Interpretation Act, 1889, shall apply in relation to these Our Letters Patent as they apply in relation to an Act of Parliament.”

Judges' appointment, tenure and remuneration.

Native Department and appointment of officers of Department.
(New sections 39 to 46 substituted by Letters Patent of 25th March, 1937 (see Proclamation No. 15 of

(2) The salaries of the officers mentioned in the preceding sub-section shall be fixed by the Governor in Council and shall not be increased or diminished without his approval.

1937), for old sections 39 to 47, as amended by Letters Patent of 26th March, 1930, and 22nd July, 1931.)

(3) The officers mentioned in this section shall be subject to the laws of the Colony for the time being governing the Public Service of the Colony:

Provided that no such officer shall be removed from office without the approval of the Governor in Council:

And provided, further, that the Chief Native Commissioner shall not be removed from his office without the approval of the Secretary of State.

40. No conditions, disabilities or restrictions which do not equally apply to persons of European descent shall, without the previous consent of the Secretary of State, be imposed upon natives (save in respect of the supply of arms, ammunition and liquor) by any proclamation, regulation or other instrument issued under the provisions of any law, unless such conditions, disabilities or restrictions shall have been explicitly prescribed, defined and limited in such law.

Restrictive regulations, etc., as regards natives.

41. (1) There shall be established a Board of Trustees, which shall consist of a chairman, who shall be nominated and appointed by the Secretary of State, and two members, one of whom shall be the person for the time being holding the office of Chief Justice of the Colony and the other shall be the person for the time being holding the office of Chief Native Commissioner in the Colony.

Board of Trustees.

(2) (a) Whenever through illness, absence or other cause the chairman of the Board of Trustees is precluded from exercising his functions on the Board, a deputy chairman, who shall be nominated and appointed by the Secretary of State, shall act as chairman of the Board.

(b) Whenever through illness, absence or other cause any member of the Board of Trustees is precluded from exercising his functions on the Board, the person duly authorised to act for such member in his official capacity in the Colony shall act for such member on the Board.

(3) The Board of Trustees may make rules, which shall be subject to the approval of the Secretary of State, for regulating the proceedings of the Board.

42. (1) The lands known as Native Reserves, which are fully described in the Schedule to these Our Letters Patent, are hereby vested in the Board of Trustees, and, subject to the provisions of this section, are set apart for the sole and exclusive use and occupation of the indigenous native inhabitants of the Colony.

Native Reserves.

(2) Save in the exercise of any right which has been heretofore acquired in terms of the mining laws of the Colony, no person other than an indigenous native inhabitant of the Colony shall occupy any portion of a Native Reserve except in accordance with such regulations as may be framed by the Governor in Council with the approval of the Secretary of State.

(3) The power reserved to the High Commissioner in sections 105 and 106 of the Water Act, 1927 ⁽¹⁾, and sections 16 and 18 of the Native Reserves Forest Produce Act, 1929 ⁽²⁾, of the Legislature of the Colony shall remain of full force and effect and shall be deemed to be transferred to and vested in the Board of Trustees.

(4) The Governor in Council may make regulations, which shall be subject to the approval of the Secretary of State, for the control of all revenue derived from the land or other natural resources of the Native Reserves and for its administration in the interests of the native inhabitants of such Reserves.

Restriction on
alienation of
Native
Reserves and
provision for
compensation
in case of
alienation.

43. (1) Save in any special case, and then only with the permission in writing of the Secretary of State, and subject to such conditions as he may prescribe, which shall include adequate compensation in land, no Native Reserve or any portion thereof shall be alienated except subject to the provisions of this section.

(2) The Government of the Colony shall retain the mineral rights in the Native Reserves. If the Government should require any such land for the purpose of mineral development or as sites for townships or for railways or other public works, the Governor in Council may upon good and sufficient cause shown, with the approval of the Board of Trustees, order the natives to remove from such land or any portion thereof and shall assign to them just and liberal compensation in land elsewhere situate in as convenient a position as possible, sufficient and suitable for their agricultural and pastoral requirements, containing a fair and equitable proportion of springs or permanent water and, as far as possible, equally suitable for their requirements in all respects as the land from which they are ordered to remove:

Provided that natives shall not be removed from such land for the purpose of creating sites of townships unless the Board of Trustees is satisfied that such sites are required for the development of important mineral discoveries.

(3) Any land which is released from a Native Reserve in terms of sub-section (2) of this section shall forthwith vest in the Governor, together with any revenues accruing therefrom, for the purposes of the Public Service of the Colony, and any land which

(1) Sections 111 and 112 of Chapter 251 of this edition of the statute laws.

(2) Sections 17 and 19 of Chapter 93 of this edition of the statute laws.

is assigned to the natives as compensation, whether under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) of this section, shall forthwith vest in the Board of Trustees and become part of the Native Reserves.

44. It shall be lawful for the Governor in Council, with the consent of the Board of Trustees, to make such adjustments of the boundaries of Native Reserves as are desirable for the purpose of—

Adjustment of boundaries of Native Reserves.

- (a) more clearly demarcating such boundaries by reference to natural topographical features; or
- (b) better administration ;

but in the case of any such adjustment, the area of no Native Reserve shall be materially affected or diminished thereby.

45. (1) Save in the exercise of any right given or any duty imposed by any law of the Colony or in the execution of the process of a competent court, no person shall remove any natives from any kraal or from any land assigned to them for occupation except after full enquiry by and by order of the Governor in Council.

Except in certain circumstances, removal of natives prohibited.

(2) If any person contravenes the provisions of the preceding sub-section, he shall, in addition to any other proceedings to which he may be liable, be guilty of an offence, and on conviction before the High Court of the Colony shall be liable to imprisonment, with or without hard labour, for any period not exceeding two years, or to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds, or to both such imprisonment and such fine.

46. No contract for encumbering or alienating land, which is the property of a native and is situated in the European Area as defined in the Land Apportionment Act, 1930 ⁽¹⁾, of the Legislature of the Colony, shall be valid unless the contract is made in the presence of a magistrate, is attested by him and bears a certificate signed by him stating that the consideration for the contract is fair and reasonable and that he has satisfied himself that the native understands the transaction.

Encumbrance or alienation of land owned by natives in European Area.

47. (*Revoked by Letters Patent of 25th March, 1937. See Proclamation No. 15 of 1937.*)

LANDS, LAND REVENUES AND OTHER ASSETS.

48. The Governor in Council shall pay to the Lords Commissioners of Our Treasury not later than the 1st day of January, 1924, the sum of £2,000,000 together with interest thereon at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum from the 1st day of October, 1923, to the date of payment, and shall further repay to the Lords Commissioners

Certain payments to be made to the Imperial Treasury.

(1) Chapter 240 of this edition of the statute laws.

of Our Treasury on the same date a sum representing the two amounts of £150,000 each advanced from Our Exchequer to the Administration of Southern Rhodesia in the years 1922 and 1923 in accordance with the provisions of the Southern Rhodesia Loan Ordinance No. 13 of 1922 ⁽¹⁾, together with the interest thereon at the rates fixed by the Lords Commissioners of Our Treasury which shall have accrued to the date of payment.

Rights of the Crown in and in relation to lands alienated before commencement of Letters Patent vested in Governor.

49. In consideration of the payments referred to in the preceding section of these Our Letters Patent, the following provisions shall take effect:—

(1) All rights reserved by the British South Africa Company in or in relation to any lands within the Colony which shall, before the commencement of these Our Letters Patent, have been alienated by the Company, whether by grant or by permit of occupation or by lease giving option of purchase or by any other instrument whatsoever, shall, save and except the Company's rights to minerals therein, vest in the Governor for the purposes of the Public Service of the Colony together with all other rights and interests in such lands to Us belonging and he shall have the right to receive in Our name and on Our behalf for such purposes all purchase money remaining unpaid, all rents of any description remaining unpaid and to become payable, and all interest remaining unpaid and to become payable on mortgage-bonds, held by the Company as security for unpaid purchase money, in respect of any such lands, and all other revenue whatsoever that may be derived therefrom, and it shall be lawful for him to exercise and perform in Our name and on Our behalf all such powers and functions with regard to such lands and the instruments relating thereto as might have been exercised and performed by the Company if these Our Letters Patent had not been made.

Unalienated lands other than Native Reserves vested in Governor.

(2) All lands and rights or interests in any lands within the Colony other than the Native Reserves which, at the commencement of these Our Letters Patent, are unalienated and any lands and rights or interests in any lands reverting to Us under any instrument referred to in the preceding sub-section or otherwise shall, save and except the Company's rights to minerals therein, vest in the Governor together with any revenues accruing therefrom, for the purposes of the Public Service of the Colony:

Lands appropriated by British South Africa Company for its commercial purposes.

Provided that the Company shall be deemed to have paid to Us the full purchase price of all lands within the Colony appropriated by it for its commercial purposes, and the Governor in Council shall as soon as may be practicable after the commencement of these Our Letters Patent issue title to the Company in respect of

(1) Repealed by the Statute Law Revision Act, No. 24 of 1937.

such lands in such terms and on such conditions as to payment of the usual Quitrent to the Governor in Council and otherwise as may in the event of disagreement between the Company and the Governor in Council be deemed to be proper by the Secretary of State.

(3) There shall also vest in the Governor for the purposes of the Public Service of the Colony:—

Other assets
vested in
Governor.

- (a) All the public works and buildings used by the Company exclusively or mainly for the administrative or public purposes of Southern Rhodesia and acquired by Us from the Company.
- (b) The movable assets of the Administration of Southern Rhodesia acquired by Us from the Company.
- (c) The debtor balances due to the Administration of Southern Rhodesia acquired by Us from the Company.
- (d) The assets of the Company's Land Settlement Department acquired by Us from the Company.

Provided that the Colony shall assume all liability for the creditor balances due by the Administration of Southern Rhodesia and by the Company's Land Settlement Department, and, further, any liability arising directly or indirectly out of the administration of Southern Rhodesia prior to these Our Letters Patent or in consequence of the termination of the Company's administration, save and except Our liability in respect of the administrative deficits of the Company.

Certain
liabilities to
be assumed
by Colony.

GENERAL PROVISIONS.

50. All taxes, imposts, rates and duties, and all territorial, casual and other revenues of the Crown from whatever source arising within the Colony over which the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly have power of appropriation, shall form one Consolidated Revenue Fund to be appropriated to the Public Service of the Colony in the manner and subject to the charges hereinafter mentioned.

Consolidated
Revenue
Fund.

51. (1) The Consolidated Revenue Fund shall be permanently charged with all the costs, charges and expenses incident to the collection, management and receipt thereof.

Costs of
collection and
management
of Fund.

(2) All such costs, charges and expenses shall be subject to be reviewed and audited in such manner as may from time to time be directed by any Law passed by the Legislature.

Appropriation
and Taxation
Bills to
originate in
the Legis-
lative
Assembly.

52. All Bills for appropriating any part of the Consolidated Revenue Fund or for imposing, altering or repealing any rate, tax, duty or impost shall originate in the Legislative Assembly.

Powers of Legislative Council thereon.

Manner in which the Public Revenue shall be appropriated to the Public Service.

(New subsection (1) substituted by the Constitution Amendment Act, No. 22 of 1937.)

(“ Minister of Finance ” substituted for “ Treasurer ” by Ministerial Titles Act, No. 9 of 1933.)

Salary of Governor.

Public officers' appointment and removal, etc.

Pensions and gratuities.

53. The Legislative Council may not alter any Money Bill passed by the Legislative Assembly, but may return to the Legislative Assembly any such Bill and may transmit therewith any amendments which they recommend, and the Legislative Assembly shall consider and deal with such recommendation, and thereafter the Legislative Council may either accept or reject such Bill, but may not alter it.

54. (1) The Legislative Assembly shall not originate or pass any vote, resolution, address, or bill for the appropriation of any part of the Consolidated Revenue Fund or of any tax or impost to any purpose unless such appropriation has been recommended by message from the Governor during the session in which such vote, resolution, address or bill is proposed.

(2) No part of the Consolidated Revenue Fund shall be issued except in pursuance of a Warrant under the hand of the Governor directed to the Minister of Finance.

55. (1) There shall be payable to Us, in every year, out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund, for the salary of the Governor the sum of four thousand pounds.

(2) The salary of the Governor shall not be altered during his continuance in office.

56. All persons in the Public Service of Southern Rhodesia at the commencement of these Our Letters Patent shall become public officers of the Colony, and the appointment to, and removal from, all public offices under the Government of the Colony hereafter to become vacant or to be created, save those of Ministers and Officers of the Native Department mentioned in section 39 of these Our Letters Patent, shall, subject to any Law hereafter in force in the Colony, be vested in the Governor in Council: Provided that no public officer in the Colony who shall have been appointed to his office before the date of the commencement of these Our Letters Patent shall be removed from his office or have his emoluments reduced save in accordance with the Law, regulations or conditions governing his services at the date of these Our Letters Patent.

57. (1) All pensions and gratuities which have been granted to persons who have retired from the Public Service of Southern Rhodesia before the date of the commencement of these Our Letters Patent shall be governed by the Law or rules under which they were granted.

(2) A public officer who shall have been appointed to his office in Southern Rhodesia before the date of the commencement of these Our Letters Patent, including any public officer who shall,

whether before or after that date, have been transferred to the service of any other Administration, shall be entitled to have his claim to pension or gratuity governed by the Law or rules which now regulate the grant of pensions and gratuities in Southern Rhodesia, unless he shall be entitled under any Law or rules which may hereafter be substituted for the same, to exercise an option to have his said claim governed by such substituted Law or rules, and duly exercises the said option.

(3) All pensions and gratuities which have been or may be hereafter granted in accordance with the Law or rules which at the date of such grant regulated or regulate the grant of pensions and gratuities in Southern Rhodesia, to persons who have retired or shall retire from the Public Service of Southern Rhodesia, or whose offices in Southern Rhodesia have been or shall be abolished, shall be charged upon and paid out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

58. Where under any Proclamation or Ordinance in force in the Colony any power, jurisdiction or authority is at the commencement of these Our Letters Patent vested in the High Commissioner, such power, jurisdiction or authority shall be deemed to be transferred to and vested in the Governor in Council so far as the continuance thereof as a power, jurisdiction or authority so vested is not inconsistent with the Law conferring the same or repugnant to these Our Letters Patent.

“ High Commissioner ”
to read
“ Governor in Council.”
(New section substituted by Constitution Amendment Act, No. 22 of 1937.)

59. (1) Where, under any Law of the Colony, any power, jurisdiction or authority is at the commencement of these Our Letters Patent exercised by the Administrator, such power, jurisdiction or authority shall be exercised by the Governor in Council, and where, under any such Law, any power, jurisdiction or authority has been conferred on any Member of the existing Executive Council of Southern Rhodesia, such power, jurisdiction or authority shall be exercised by the Minister to whom it shall be assigned by the Governor in Council.

Powers of Administrator, how to be exercised.

(2) Where in any existing Law the words “ Legislative Council ” occur, they shall, unless the context otherwise indicates, and save in so far as the Law or any provision thereof deals with any matter mentioned in section 26 (2) of these Our Letters Patent, be read as if they were “ Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly.”

Meaning of “ Legislative Council ” in existing Laws.

60. The Governor may, by Proclamation in the *Gazette*, at any time within one year from the date of the commencement of these Our Letters Patent, and provided that Our approval be previously signified to him through a Secretary of State, vary, annul or add to any of the provisions of these Our Letters Patent in order to carry

Power to amend by Proclamation.

Power reserved to His Majesty to revoke, alter or amend certain sections of the present Letters Patent.
Definitions.

out the purposes of the same, and may provide for any other matter necessary in order to carry into effect the provisions thereof.

61. We do hereby reserve to Ourselves, Our heirs and successors, full power and authority from time to time to revoke, alter or amend sections 26, 28, 39-47 and 55 of these Our Letters Patent as to Us or Them shall seem meet.

62. In these Our Letters Patent, unless the contrary intention appears—

(Added by Constitution Amendment Act, No. 22 of 1937.)

“ Board of Trustees ” means the Board of Trustees established under section 41 of these Our Letters Patent.

“ Existing Electoral Laws ” means such provisions of any Proclamations issued by the High Commissioner and of any Ordinances passed by the subsisting Legislative Council as, being in force at the date of the commencement of these Our Letters Patent, shall regulate the qualification and disqualification of persons as voters or candidates for the subsisting Legislative Council, the constitution of electoral districts, the registration of voters, the preparation of lists of voters, the nomination of candidates, corrupt and illegal practices, the conduct of elections, the hearing of election petitions and all other matters connected with the election of Members of the subsisting Legislative Council.

“ *Gazette* ” means the Official *Gazette* of Southern Rhodesia.

“ Governor ” means the Officer for the time being administering the Government of the Colony.

“ Governor in Council ” means the Governor acting by and with the advice of the Executive Council.

“ High Commissioner ” means Our High Commissioner for the time being for South Africa.

“ month ” means calendar month.

“ native ” means any member of the aboriginal tribes or races of Africa or any person having the blood of such tribes or races and living among them and after the manner thereof.

“ Legislative Council ” means any Legislative Council which may hereafter be constituted by any Law passed in pursuance of section 2 of these Our Letters Patent.

“ President ” means the Member of such Legislative Council who shall be appointed or elected under the provisions of such Law to preside at the meetings of the said Council.

“ Speaker ” includes Deputy Speaker.

(Added by Constitution Amendment Act, No. 22 of 1937.)

“ Secretary of State ” means one of Our Principal Secretaries of State.

63. (1) These Our Letters Patent shall commence and come into operation on the first day of October, 1923, and shall be published in the *Gazette* and thereafter shall be proclaimed at such place or places within the Colony as the Governor shall think fit. Commence-
ment of
Letters
Patent.

(2) All Charters, Orders in Council, Ordinances, Proclamations and Laws which at the date of the commencement of these Our Letters Patent are in force within the Colony shall, until duly repealed or varied, continue to be of the same force, authority and effect as if these Our Letters Patent had not been made, except in so far as the same are repugnant to these Our Letters Patent, in which case they are to that extent hereby amended and repealed. Existing Law,
etc., to
continue in
force save
as repugnant
to the present
Letters
Patent.

64. These Our Letters Patent may be cited as “ The Southern Rhodesia Constitution Letters Patent, 1923.” Short title.

In witness whereof We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent. Witness Ourselves at Westminster, this first day of September, in the fourteenth year of Our Reign.

By warrant under the King's Sign Manual.

SCHUSTER.

SCHEDULE.

SALISBURY DISTRICT.

Chikwakwa Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—From the junction of the Umwindsi and Inyagui rivers, up the latter to its junction with the Nora river; thence up the Nora to its junction with the Chinyika river; thence up the Chinyika to the south-east beacon of the farm Chinyika; thence along the eastern boundaries of the farms Chinyika, Vuta, Mashona Vlei, Mashona Kop, Neptune, Colga, Oribi, Stockholm and Ivanhoe and the north-eastern boundary of Strath Lorne to the Umwindsi river; thence down the Unwindsi river to the starting point.

Chindamora Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north by the Poti river; on the east by the farms Bonny, The Vale, Glamorgan, Burnside, Eaglescliffe, Bemberero and Ruwanga and a line joining the south-west beacon of Ruwanga and the most westerly beacon of Saratoga; on the south by Halstead, Swiswa, Munenga, Chibvuti and Borrowdale Estate; on the west by the farms Thelksinoi and Poti and the Poti river.

(A portion of this Reserve falls into the Mazoe District.)

Msana Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north by the farms Ruwanga, Rusikani, Bythorn and Mumurgwi; on the east and south-east by the Umwindsi river and the farms Frascati, Marsala and Saratoga; on the west by the Chindamora Reserve.

Kunzwi Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north and west by the Nora river; on the east by the Inyagui river; on the south by the Shangure Native Area.

Seki Reserve.—Bounded as follows:— By a line drawn from the point where the Nyatsimi river crosses the southern boundary of the farm Longlands in an easterly direction along the southern boundaries of Longlands and St. Mary's to the south-east beacon of the latter; thence direct to the south-west beacon of Iddeleigh Extension and along the southern boundary of this farm to the Hunyani river; thence up the Hunyani river to the Dunstan Estate; thence southerly along the western boundary of that estate and along its southern boundary back to the Hunyani river, and up the Hunyani river to the farm Ardlussa; thence southerly along the western boundary of Ardlussa, and along the southern boundaries of Ardlussa and Great Bromley Estate to the north-west beacon of Hedon; thence along the western boundary of Hedon till the Nyarasheshi river is reached; thence westerly down the Nyarasheshi river, and down the Nyatsimi river to the starting point.

Chinyika Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By the properties Gilnockie, Guernsey, Graseley, Bellevue, Warrendale No. 1, Mashonganyika, Bain's Hope, James and Gardiner so as to exclude them all.

HARTLEY DISTRICT.

Mondoro Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By a line drawn from the point where the Nyasuisa river crosses the south-eastern boundary of Greendale near the west beacon of Duiker, down the Nyasuisa to its junction with the Marirangwe river; thence down the Marirangwe to its junction with the Umfuli river; thence down the Umfuli river to its junction with the Doronanga river; thence up the Doronanga, and along the western boundaries of the farms Goral, Brakveld, Adlams Rest and Wheelerdale and the north-western boundary of Werwaching to the Ngesi river; thence down the Ngesi river to where it crosses the eastern boundary of Mhlaba and northerly along that boundary to the Umsweswe river; thence down the Umsweswe to the eastern boundary of Dawn; thence along the eastern boundaries of Dawn, Rutala Hills and Elandsfontein to the Sivundazi river; thence down that river to its junction with the Umfuli river; thence up the Umfuli river to its junction with the Gonzo river; thence up the Gonzo to the southern boundary of Fort Martin and along the southern, eastern

and northern boundaries of that farm and the eastern boundaries of Emojeni, Beersheba and Nugget to the south-west beacon of the farm Malham; thence along the southern boundaries of Malham, Beverly and Linden Park, the eastern boundary of Linden Park, the southern boundaries of Chirebo and Rock, the eastern boundary of Rock and the south-eastern boundaries of Nyadgori, Serui Source and Greendale to the starting point.

(A portion of this Reserve falls into the Charter District.)

Sanyati Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By a line drawn from the junction of the Umniati and Sakugwe rivers, running up the Sakugwe for a distance of seventeen miles direct; thence to the highest point on the Nyamsinu hills; thence to the highest point on the Nyarupise hills and continuing in this direction to the Umniati river; thence down the Umniati river to the starting point.

LOMAGUNDI DISTRICT.

Sipolilo Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By a line drawn from the junction of the Dande and Impinge rivers up the Dande to the western boundary of the farm Gurungwe; thence southerly along the boundaries of Gurungwe, Chiconyora, Impinge Ranche and Disi to the Mbare river; thence down the Mbare to the point in the line joining Chiwe hill with the most southerly beacon of the farm Czarna; thence to that beacon and along the south-eastern boundary of Czarna to the Impinge river; thence down the Impinge to the starting point.

Zwimba Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By a line drawn from the junction of Hunyani and Karoe rivers, up the Hunyani till the farm Rothwell Extension is reached; thence along the south-west boundary of Rothwell Extension and the north-west boundary of Kutama to the Umsengaisi river, and down that river to the south-east beacon of Renardia; thence along the eastern boundary of this farm and the north-eastern boundary of Evylyn to its northern beacon; thence to Chembere hill; thence to the geodetic station Mtjekwe on the Mchekakasungabeta range; thence along the crest of this range to a point in the prolongation of the line joining the hills Nyazurge and Ngarire; thence along this said line to the Karoe river, and down the Karoe to its junction with the Hunyani river.

Magondi Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—From a point where the Muchi river flows through the Mchekakasungabeta hills, following down that river to its junction with the Wasanje river; thence down the Wasanje river to its junction with the Umfuli river; thence up the latter river to a point to be beaconsed at the southern foot of the Mchekakasungabeta hills; thence north along the crest of those hills to the point first named.

Urungwe Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By a line drawn from a point on the Naodsa river opposite a beaconsed hill and shortly below the junction of the Naodsa and Kamsanga rivers in a south-easterly direction to Tangasa Hill and thence by a beaconsed line to Chishumba Hill; thence on a beaconsed line to the north-west beacon of Tengwe River Ranche and southward along its western boundary to Gwiwa Hill; thence along a beaconsed line through the following hills: Mutimrengwa, Chiniri, Kawaya, Zemaiwe, Mtirikati to a beacon on Nyongwicha Hill; thence northerly to a beacon about three and a half miles distant on a range of hills; thence to Nuruge Hill on the left bank of the Naodsa river and continuing in the same line to the Naodsa river; thence up the Naodsa river to the starting point.

(This Reserve is surveyed.)

DARWIN DISTRICT.

Chimanda Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north by a series of straight lines joining the hills from east to west: Tsimburgwe, Chirihe, Ngoma, Nahwa and Msiriswiji (Pulpit Rock); on the east by the Donga river, from the nearest point to Tsimburgwe Hill to the Mazoe river; on the south by the Mazoe river; on the west by a line drawn from Msiriswiji Hill southwards to Zunje Hill, and thence to the bifurcation of the Ntokwe river near its source; thence down the Ntokwe to the Mazoe river.

Madziwa Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By a line drawn from the south-east beacon of Lawley's Concession along the southern boundary of Mazoe Agricultural Estate to the most westerly beacon of the farm La Belle Esperance; thence along the south-western boundaries of this farm and the farms Fura and Thebus and the south-eastern boundary of Thebus to its north-east beacon; thence to Mount Darwin; thence to Denda Hill; thence southwards to beacon U.S.3 on the Umfurudsi river; thence up the Umfurudsi river to a beacon U.M. on the farm Masuri Sana No. 1; thence along the eastern boundaries of this farm and the farm Butleigh to the north-east beacon of the latter farm; thence direct to the starting point.

Kandeya Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By a line drawn from Mount Chimaia to the junction of the Spekateka and Danga rivers; thence down the Danga river to its junction with Ruia river; thence up the Ruia river to its junction with the Matondwi river; thence up the Matondwi river to its source; thence direct to the northern beacon of the farm Thorn Hill; thence direct to the most easterly beacon of Lawley's Concession; thence along the north-eastern boundary of Lawley's Concession to the Ruia river; thence down the Ruia river to its junction with the Ruiana river; thence up

the Ruiana river to its source in the Mavuradona Range; thence to a point on that range some three and a half miles west of Mafindu trigonometrical beacon; thence to Mount Chimaia.

Chiswiti Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north by a line joining the beacon near the Nyatandi river and marked 1576 on the map, with the beacon Binya 2 on the east of the Nyatandi river from the beacon marked 1576 to its source, and by a straight line from the source of the Nyatandi due south to the Danga river; on the south by the Kandeya Reserve; on the west by a line joining the beacon Binya 2 with the beacon Chimaia.

Mzarabani Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north-east and north by the Hoya river from its junction with the Umsengedzi river to that one of its sources rising some three and a half miles west of Mafindu trigonometrical beacon; on the south by a line taken along the crest of the Mavuradona mountains from a point above the Hoya source referred to, to a point on the Umsengedzi river some four miles to the south of Badilombidzi trigonometrical beacon; on the west by the Umsengedzi river.

MAZOE DISTRICT.

Bushu Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the south by the farms Lion's Den, Glendalough and Highlands, and a line joining the most easterly beacon of Glendalough with the north-west beacon of Highlands; on the east by Beaulieu; on the north and west by Umfurudsi Ranch.

Chiweshe Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By a line drawn from the point on the Ruia river where the southern boundary of Lawley's Concession crosses it, up the Ruia river to the northern beacon of Lagnaha; thence along the north-western and western boundaries of the farms Lagnaha, Dunaverty, Chomkuti, Brockley, Makori and Duntarvie; thence along the northern boundaries of Glendale and Moore's Concession to the south-east beacon of Nyachura and along the eastern boundaries of the farms Banff, Tekke, Arda, Hasfa, Frogmore, Frogmore Extension, Umvukwe Estate, Four Streams and Rumanje to the north-east beacon of the latter farm on Rumanje Hill; thence to Mount Chaona; thence to the south-west beacon of Lawley's Concession and along the southern boundary of the latter to the Ruia river.

Chindamora Reserve.—A portion of this Reserve falls into the Mazoe District. (For full description, see under Salisbury District.)

MREWA DISTRICT.

Mangwendi Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By a line drawn from the junction of the Inyagui and Chibakwe rivers to a point on the Mchingige Hills; thence to Dunge Hill; thence to Mount

Zhombuki; thence to a beacon at the junction of the Nyaderi and Munyukwe rivers; thence to Zinjanja Hill; thence to Matungamara Hill; thence to a beacon on the Nyazikatzi river about a mile to the north of the north-west beacon of the farm Nyazikatzi; thence up the Nyazikatzi river to the south-west beacon of the latter farm; thence along the southern boundary of Nyazikatzi and Selous Nek Estate to a beacon on line about a mile from the south-east beacon of Selous Nek Estate; thence southerly along a beaconsed line to a beacon on the south end of Ramera Hill; thence to Madziauskwa Hill; thence to the south-east beacon of the farm Athlone; thence along the boundaries of the farms Athlone, Exeter, Koodoo Range, Alpha, Glen Noe, Caskie Ben, Spes Bona Ranche, Mount Pleasant, Mignon, Bimi, Rupture, Sussex, Suffolk, Kent and Middlesex so as to exclude all these farms; thence from the north-west beacon of Middlesex on the Inyagui river up the Inyagui river to the starting point.

Uzumba Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north by the Maramba Reserve; on the east by the Nyaderi river; on the south by the Nyatenga river from its junction with the Nyaderi river to its source; thence direct to Nangura Hill; thence to Dungu Hill; thence to a point on the Mchingige Hills and thence to the junction of the Inyagui and Chibakwe rivers; on the west by the Inyagui and Mazoe rivers.

Maramba Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north-west by the Mazoe river; on the north-east by the northern Nyamayemba river shown on the map, and a straight line drawn from the source of that river to the junction of the Mazoe and Ntokwe rivers; on the south-east by the Nyaderi river; on the south by the Shamba river and a line drawn from the source of the Shamba river to the junction of the Mazoe and Umfurudzi rivers.

Fungwi Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north-west and north by the Mazoe river; on the south-east by the Nyaderi river; and on the south-west by the Maramba Reserve.

MTOKO DISTRICT.

Mtoko Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By a line drawn from the nearest point on the Nyaderi river to the hill Mtuwa, running through this hill to the hill immediately behind the present Native Commissioner's station (this hill has no native name); thence to Mtemwa Hill; thence to Jeta Hill; thence to Myata and Mapaca Hills; thence to the most northerly peak of Susamoya range; thence north to the Nyachinonga range; and along the crests of the Nyachinonga, Inyarugwenje and Tsutskwe ranges, and continuing in this line to the Inyamarereri river; thence down this

river to its junction with Nyaderi river; thence up the latter river to the starting point.

(The southern boundary of this Reserve has been surveyed and beacons.)

INYANGA DISTRICT.

Inyanga Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By the properties Turners, Sterkstroom, Nyamaropa Reserve, Inyanga Block, Inyanga Valley, Foxhill, Aberdeen, Ngarawe, Zewa, Yahokwe, and Ngajeasi, so as to exclude them all.

Inyanga North Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By a line drawn from the point where the Ruenya river intersects the Anglo-Portuguese boundary in a southerly direction along the said Anglo-Portuguese boundary to the junction of the Gaerisi and Matisi rivers; thence up the Matisi river to a point in the line joining the north-east beacon of St. Swithin's Block and Shuenda Hill; thence to the north-east beacon of St. Swithin's Block; thence along the northern boundary of this block to the beacon on the Nani Reserve; thence to the most northern beacon of St. Swithin's Block; thence west to the junction of the Nyandira river with the Inyongombie river; thence down the Inyongombie and Ruenya rivers to the southern boundary of Lawley's Concession; thence along the southern boundary of this property to its south-east beacon, and along its eastern boundary to the Ruenya river; thence down the Ruenya river to the starting point.

Nyamaropa Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north by Lucan; on the east by the Anglo-Portuguese boundary; on the south by Inyanga Block; on the west by the eastern boundaries of Inyanga Reserve, Sterkstroom, Flaknek, Doornhoek, Rhino Valley, Summershoek and a line joining the northern beacon of Summershoek with the south-west beacon of Lucan.

Manyika Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north and north-east by St. Triashill and Bannockburn South; on the south-east by the Odzi river and the farms East Castles, Castles and Ejenja North; on the west by the Nyatandi and Umvumira rivers.

Manga Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north-east by Holdenby; on the south-east by the Hondi river; on the south-west by Hondi Gorge North; on the north-west by Rupangu, Inyawari, Frobisher and Chipinga Waterfall so as to exclude all the farms mentioned.

MAKONI DISTRICT.

Makoni Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By a line drawn from the southern beacon of Lesapi Valley along the south-eastern

boundary of that farm, the south-western and south-eastern boundaries of Timaru, the south-eastern boundary of Wick, and the western and south-western boundaries of St. Triashill to the Umvumira river; thence down this river and down the Nyatandi river to the junction of the latter with the Odzi river; thence down the Odzi river to the northern boundary of Osborne; thence westerly along this northern boundary and along the north-eastern and north-western boundaries of Amberwell, and the north-eastern and north-western boundaries of Buffalo Bush to the Inyamajura river; thence up this river to the southern beacon of the Kwapassi Reserve; thence northerly along the eastern boundaries of this Reserve and of Mount Zonga, The Chase, Forest Hill, and Makoni to the starting point.

Weya Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north by Mayo Ranche Division No. 1; on the north-east by Williamsdale and vacant land; on the east by Inyati Block; on the south and south-west by the farms Claremont, Rensdale, Maruma, Tynwald, Galloway Estate, St. Benedicts, Wensleydale Estate; thence from the north-west beacon of the latter farm due west to the Mafuri river; on the north-west and west by the Mafuri and Nyagadzi rivers.

Chikori Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north-west and north by the Nyagadzi river; on the east by the Inyongombie and Mwarazi rivers; on the south-west by Mayo Ranche Division No. 2.

Chiduku Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north by the farms The Willows, Lesbury Extension, Lesbury, Leuw Poort and Cheronga; on the east by the farms Recondite, Lesapi Falls, Rocking Stone, Mount Tikwiri, Tiny, Cotleigh, Charlton, Everton, Nyamidzi, Chikobvore, Chinota Ranch and Ruwawa; on the south by Markham Ville, Chiromo and Romsley Estate; on the west by the Rusawi river and the south-eastern boundary of the farm Chiswana; on the north-west along the Chiswana river from the eastern beacon of farm Chiswana to Chisumba Hill and thence along a beaconsed line to the south-western beacon of The Willows.

MARANDELLAS DISTRICT.

Wedza Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north by Marandellas Estate, Ballinard Extension and Wye Valley and by a line joining the south-east beacon of Marandellas Estate with the south-west beacon of Ballinard Extension; on the north-east by the Rusawi river; on the south by a beaconsed and surveyed line drawn from the junction of the Rusawi and Macheke rivers westward to the Sabi river; on the south-west by the Sabi river;

on the west by the farms Rundu, Mungo, Injina, Mawiri and Chimanza.

Shiota Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north by the farms Guildford and Guzha and the Nyatsimi and Nyarasheshi rivers; on the east by the farms Hedon, Stow, Nungubu, Rhodesdale, Poltimore, Endsleigh and Chudleigh Extension; on the south by Chimghanda Native Area and the Umfuli river; on the west by the Muda Native Area and the farms Alfa, Carisbrook and Nyaringondo.

Soshwe Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north by Wenimbi Estate; on the east by the farms Bonn and Calne; on the south by the farm Delta and a line from the north-west beacon of that farm to the south-east beacon of Eirene; on the west by the farms Eirene and Alexandra.

CHARTER DISTRICT.

Narira Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—Part I., on the north by the Wiltshire Estate; on the east by the Sabi Reserve; on the south by the Lancashire Estate; on the west by Spurwing, Ngosi, Kildoon and Gungubu. (This area is surveyed.) Part II., on the north-east and south by the Sabi Reserve; on the west by the Lancashire Estate. (This area is surveyed.)

Mangeni Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By the properties Worcestershire, Norah Lee, Mtoro Native Area, Totton, Gabajena, Moneyputt and Hampshire so as to exclude all the properties mentioned.

Umgesi Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north by the Ngesi river; on the east by the farms Ngesi Poort, Change, Mount Connor and Verdun; on the south generally by a line drawn from a beacon on the western boundary of Verdun to the northern beacon of Manesi Poort; thence to the north-east beacon of Glen Connor and along the north-west and western boundaries of that farm and the northern boundary of Gavunga and a beaconed and surveyed line to a point on the Rhodesdale north-east boundary five miles south of the Ngesi river; on the west by Rhodesdale.

Sabi Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north, north-east and east by the Sabi river; on the south by the Devuli river; on the south-west by the Nyadzidza river; on the west generally by the Lancashire Estate, Narira Reserve and the Wiltshire Estate; exclusive, however, of the mission farm Gwenda.

Mondoro Reserve.—A portion of this Reserve falls into the Charter District. (For description, see under Hartley District.)

CHILIMANZI DISTRICT.

Chilimanzi Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north by the farms Ensimoen, Richmond, Vosges, Kombisa, Makanya, Rockdale and Chakastad; on the east by the Shasha river; on the south by a surveyed and beaconsed line from the Shasha river to the Ngesi river; on the west by the Ngesi river.

Serima Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By the properties Eastdale Estate, Lorn, Haig, Edina, Denholm, Fortress, Strathearn, Surat, Chatsworth, Clare, Lonely, Granby, Beema and Grassland so as to exclude them all; and further by a line joining the north-east beacon of Granby with the south-east beacon of Beema.

GUTU DISTRICT.

Gutu Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north, north-east and east by the Inyatzitza river; on the south by the Devuli river and the Dewure Native Area; on the west generally by the farms Chomfuli, Amatola, Mazongororo, Brancombe, Belmont, the Devuli river and a surveyed and beaconsed line running from Zirau Hill on the Devuli river to Chapararwa Hill on the Inyatzitza river; exclusive, however, of the mission farm Gutu.

Chikwanda Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By a line drawn from the junction of the Mungesi and Mashambara rivers, up the Mungesi and along the north-eastern boundary of Mara Ranch, and the north-western boundaries of Mara Ranch and Yetton, and the north-eastern boundary of Cleveland to its north beacon; thence direct to the north-east beacon of Marowa; thence along the northern and western boundaries of Marowa and the northern boundaries of Dromore, Good Hope, Springfield, Sand Drift, Welgevonden and Welkom Hoek to the Popotekwe river; thence up the Popotekwe river and round the southern, eastern and northern boundaries of Verlos back to the Popotekwe river; thence up the Popotekwe river to the southern boundary of Merrilies; thence along the southern boundaries of Merrilies, Morpeth and Dysart to the Mtilikwe river; thence down the Mtilikwe to its junction with the Chingwanombi river; thence along the southern boundaries of the farms Amman, Ezar and Eben; thence eastwards along the boundary of the Dewure Native Area to a point nearest to the headwaters of the Mashambara river; thence to the headwaters of and down that river to the starting point.

(A small portion of this Reserve falls into the Ndanga District.)

VICTORIA DISTRICT.

Zimutu Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north by the farms Chatsworth, Ingogo and Rocklands; on the east by the Popotekwe river; on the south by the farms Umyambi, Koollala, Branksholm and Copota; on the west by the Umvuma-Victoria railway strip; excluding also a piece of land 2,000 feet in length by 500 feet in breadth from the centre of the railway line around the Zimutu railway siding.

Victoria Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By a line drawn from the south-west beacon of the farm Bon Repose, along the southern boundaries of that farm and Tentergate, the south-west boundaries of Longdale, Mzero and Morgen Star and the south-east boundary of the latter farm to the Mzero river; thence down the Mzero and Mtilikwe rivers to a beacon in the line Chitee-au, Vimvi; thence westwards along a surveyed and beaconsed line to the south-east boundary of Farm No. 9 (Old Inyanda Block); thence along the eastern boundaries of Farms No. 9, No. 7 and Lochiel to the starting point.

Nyadjena Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By a line drawn from the junction of the Mtilikwe and Nyamawonga rivers, down the Mtilikwe to a point opposite Zomba range; thence along this range to its southern point; thence to Gandama Hill; thence to Zimengana Hill; thence in a line to Chijimbgi Hill till the north-eastern boundary of the Tokwe River Ranch is reached; thence along this north-eastern boundary to the northern beacon of the ranch; thence to the southern beacon of the Mukorsi River Ranch; thence along the south-eastern and eastern boundaries of the Mukorsi River Ranch and its extension to the Nyamawonga river; thence down that river to the starting point.

Mtilikwe Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north by the farms Kelvingrove and Inyoni; on the east by the Tshibaka river; on the west and south-west by the Mtilikwe river.

NDANGA DISTRICT.

Ndanga Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By a line drawn from the junction of the Turgwi and Eastern Nyamawonga rivers, up the Nyamawonga river to its junction with the Mutsago river and up the latter river to its source on Mount Nyauwi; thence direct to the source of the Mkwasini river on Mount Bvuma; thence down the Mkwasini to a point in direct line between Mounts Matudza and Simanuriki; thence to Mounts Matudza, Ngwani, Machena and Mbamba; thence to the north-east beacon of Manjirenji and along the northern boundaries of that farm and Chiredzi Ranch to the north-west beacon of the latter; thence to Mount Gwangwanga,

Charowedza, Zoza and Wuni; thence along the north-western boundaries of Bangala Ranch to the Mtilikwe river; thence up the Mtilikwe to its junction with the Tshibaka river; thence up the Tshibaka to its junction with the Nyabusikana river, and up the latter river to its source; thence direct to the source of the Nyabesi river and down the Nyabesi river to a point due south of the southern beacon of the farm Vlakfontein; thence direct to that beacon; thence along the eastern boundary of Vlakfontein and the southern boundary of Iram to the Rurgwi river; thence down the Rurgwi to its junction with the Chiredzi river; thence up the Chiredzi to the southern boundary of the farm Allendale; thence along the southern, eastern and northern boundaries of Allendale back to the Chiredzi river; thence up the Chiredzi to its junction with the Msoro river; thence to Mounts Chinyangara, Muyeyi and Domboshawa; thence to the highest point of Mount Chisiana; thence direct to the source of the Turgwi river on this mountain; thence down the Turgwi to the starting point.

Ndanga East Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By a line drawn from the junction of the Mkwasini and Sabi rivers, down the Sabi to its junction with Mrondonzi river; thence up the Mrondonzi for a distance of eight miles; thence to the junction of the Chompimbi and Mkwasini rivers; thence down the Mkwasini river to the starting point.

Chikwanda Reserve.—A small portion of this Reserve falls into the Ndanga District. (For description see under Gutu District.)

BIKITA DISTRICT.

Bikita Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By a line drawn from the junction of the Devuli and Chiwaka rivers to Mount Hubvumi; thence to Mounts Sidza, Mari, Chipotwe, Ruwuzhe, Mureyi, Nyarunwe and Siya, and following the last line to the Turgwi river; thence up the Turgwi to its source in Mount Chisiana; thence to the highest point of the said mountain; thence along a line through Mounts Domboshawa, Muyeyi, Mundandi, Garakacha, Chembazi, Marangaranga, Mutondwi and Rutonga; thence to the nearest point on the Mandari river; thence down that river to its junction with the Mungesi river, and down the Mungesi to its junction with the Devuli river, and down the Devuli to the starting point.

Matsai Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By a line drawn from the junction of the Turgwi and Eastern Nyamawonga rivers, up the Nyamawonga river to its junction with the Mutsago river, and up the latter river to its source on Mount Nyauwi; thence direct to the source of the Mkwasini river on Mount Bvuma; thence down the Mkwasini to a point in a direct line between Mounts Matudza and Simanuriki; thence to Mounts Simanuriki, Nyamandwi, Manaza,

Hoha and Makondi; thence to a point on the Turgwi river in the prolongation of the line joining Mounts Hoha and Makondi; thence up the Turgwi river to the starting point.

Sangwe Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north by a line drawn from a point on the Sabi river opposite to the south-west beacon of the farm Manzvera to the highest point on the Bangarupinja range of hills; thence along that range to its southern spur; thence to the junction of the Chompimbi and Mkwadini rivers; thence down the Mkwadini to its junction with the Sabi river and up the Sabi to the starting point.

CHIBI DISTRICT.

Chibi Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By a line drawn from a point on the Tokwe river at the most westerly beacon of the farm Mopani, down the Tokwe to a point opposite to Manama Hill; thence to that hill; thence to Shangamite Hill; thence to the eastern portion of Mawaia mountain; thence to Manjanjamduku Hill; thence to Dimbile Hill, and continuing to the Lundi river; thence up the Lundi to a point in the prolongation of the line drawn between the junction of the Nyarashangwe and Nyaratedzi rivers and Gowa Hill; thence along that line to the said junction of the rivers, and up the Nyarashangwe river to a point in the prolongation of a line joining Bora and Butchinda Hills; thence along that line through Bora Hill to Butchinda Hill; thence to Burare Hill, and thence to the starting point; excluding, however, the two alienated farms Golden Hill and Chibi, near the northern border.

Matibi No. I. Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north-east by the Lundi river; on the east and south-east by Nuanetsi Ranch; on the south-west by Nuanetsi river; on the north-west by the Belingwe Reserve.

Matibi No. II. Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north-east by the Lundi river; on the south-east by a line drawn from the junction of the Lundi and Tshingwesi rivers, up the Tshingwesi to its source near Tshitera Hill; thence to the source of the Tshikombedsi river, and down the Tshikombedsi to its junction with the Nuanetsi; on the south-west by the Nuanetsi river; on the west generally by the Nuanetsi Ranch from the Nuanetsi river to the Lundi river.

Lundi Reserve.—A portion of this Reserve falls into the Chibi District. (For description see under Belingwe District.)

UMTALI DISTRICT.

Maranka Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north by the farms Pulpit Rock, Madzadza, Crystal Creek, Samwambeia, Maraleli and Wild Park; on the east by the Odzi river; on the south-west by the Sabi river; on the north-west by the Makuni river.

Zimunya Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By the properties Dora Estate, Dora, The Rhine, Zimunya's Town, Howth, Clydesdale and Roya Native Area so as to exclude them all.

Umtasa South Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By the properties Jerain, Inyashuuti, Savillen, Wye, Kingsley, Umtasa's Mission and the Tsonzo Native Area so as to exclude them all.

Umtasa North Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By a line drawn from a point where the Hondi river intersects the south-western boundary of Holdenby, in a south-easterly direction along the said boundary to the Anglo-Portuguese boundary, and continuing along the latter boundary to beacon No. 4 on Mount Panga; thence direct to the most easterly beacon of Korsten; thence along the north-eastern and north-western boundaries of Korsten, the northern boundaries of Faith and Mount Ruunji, and the eastern boundary of Tsonzo Native Area to the Hondi river; thence down this river to the starting point.

Jenya Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the east by Tsonzo Native Area; on the south by Osborne; and on the north-west by the Odzi river.

MELSETTER DISTRICT.

Mutambara Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—From the junction of the Odzi and Umvumvuvu rivers; thence east up the latter river to the north-west beacon of the farm Quagga's Hoek; thence along the western boundary of this farm, along the northern boundaries of the farms Ruwaka and Grasslands to the northern beacon of the farm Lime Cliffs; thence south along the western boundaries of the farms Lime Cliffs, The Flats, West End, Moosgwe and Shinja West and part of the southern boundary of the farm Nyanyadzi, to the Nyanyadzi river; thence down this river to its junction with the Odzi river; thence up the Odzi to its junction with the Umvumvuvu river.

Muwushu Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north by the Nyanyadzi river; on the east by the farms Nyanyadzi, Biriwiri, Admiral, Ashbourne, Brooklyn and Zebra; on the south by the Changadzi river; on the west by the Sabi and Odzi rivers.

Mutema Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north by the Changadzi river; on the east by the farms Zebra, Brackenbury, Rookwood and Highlands; on the south by the farms New Year's

Gift and Buffel's Drift and by the Tanganda river; on the west by the Sabi river.

Musikwanu Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north by the Nyamvuvu river; on the east by Chikore farm; on the south-east by the Sabi Native Area; on the west by the Sabi river.

Ingorima Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By the farms Glencoe, Forest Glade, Bloemhof, Uitkyk, Knutsford and Fern Creek, and by the Anglo-Portuguese boundary line.

GWELO DISTRICT.

Lower Gwelo Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By a line drawn from the most southern beacon of the farm Duart along the south-eastern boundary of that farm to the Gwelo river; thence up the Gwelo river to the north-western boundary of the farm Kjelstroom; thence along the north-western and south-western boundaries of that farm, and the south-western and south-eastern boundaries of the farm Brockley Estate to the Gwelo river; thence up the Gwelo river to the south-west boundary of the farm Broomrigg; thence along the said boundary and along the north-west boundary of Buda and the north boundary of Sandwich, and along the north-eastern and north-western boundaries of Bathurst Block to the Vungu river; thence down the Vungu river to the south-eastern boundary of Thompson's Farms, and along that boundary to the eastern beacon of that block; thence along a surveyed and beaconsed line to the most southern beacon of the farm Duart.

Que Que Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By the properties Roslin, Moyo, Mhlaba, Wyanko, Mlizu, Umhlali, Lochiel, Umsungwe Block, Gokomera Native Area, Ardpatrik, Garryowen, Sunbury and Loads so as to exclude them all.

Shangani Reserve.—A small portion of this Reserve falls into the Gwelo District. (For description see under Bubi District.)

SELUKWE DISTRICT.

Selukwe Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By the properties Hilton, Chiltern, Royston, Senangwe, Estancia, Normandy, Jobolinko Native Area, Tokwe Ranch, Tokwe Ranch West Extension, Limerick, Umgulugulu, Guruguru, Gundula, Goli, Donga, Ifusi, Ndwanga, Pink 'Un and Muirhead so as to exclude them all.

BELINGWE DISTRICT.

Lundi Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By a line drawn from the western beacon of the farm Umgulugulu along the southern boundary of this farm to the Sabaise river; thence down the

Sabaise river to its junction with the Lundi river and down the Lundi to the north-east beacon of the farm Dronfield on the Lundi river; thence along the northern boundary of that farm to the north-west beacon; thence along a beaconsed line to the beacon on the Shabi river at the upper Belingwe-Victoria road drift; thence down the Shabi to the north-western boundary of Zeederberg's Block and along that boundary and the north-eastern boundary of Laing's Syndicate Block to its northern beacon; thence along the eastern boundaries of Bannockburn, De Beers' Block and Torwood Lee, and the northern boundary of Torwood Lee to the beacon B.R.11; thence along a beaconsed line from B.R.11 to B.R.14, on the southern boundary of Mkatisi; thence along the southern boundary of Mkatisi, the eastern boundary of Walsh Farm Block, the south-eastern boundary of Lubongo and the southern boundaries of Pakame and Guruguru to the starting point.

Belingwe Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north generally by the properties Lower Doro, Grimstone, High Peak, M'Belengwa, The Lou Estate, Newcastle, Mnene Extension, Mnene, Brooklands and the Ngezi river; on the east by the Lundi river and the Pioneer Column road; on the south by the Nuanetsi river and the properties Wedza Block, Lubisi, Inanda, Hluku, Vukwe, Bangwe Reserve and Ulaza; on the west generally by the properties Matabe, France, Makoshi, Indhlela, Beckmann's Farm, Godhlayayo Native Area, Hillside, Arcadia and the Anglo-French Syndicate Block.

[INSIZA DISTRICT.

Insiza Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north by Glass Block; on the east by the Insiza river; on the south by Nyamini farm; on the west by the Umzingwane river.

BULAWAYO DISTRICT.

Umzingwane Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By the properties Duncal, Springvale, Hilton and Worringham so as to exclude them all.

MATOBO DISTRICT.

Shashani Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north-west by Mount Edgecombe; on the north-east by the farms Valley, Junction and Ikezi, and the Mwewe river; on the south-east by the farms Montana Vista and Tabas N'Yoni, and a line from the western beacon of Montana Vista to the northern beacon of Tabas N'Yoni; on the west by the Shashani river.

Matopo Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north by the properties The Matopo Block, Society Brethren in Christ, Absent and Essexvale; on the east by Glen Lategan, The Range, Long

Field, The Grange and Hollins Block; on the south by Zwemele Block, Leilavale, Kozi and Gwandavale; on the west by the Tuli river.

Semokwe Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north by the farms Kopje Alleen and Northcroft and a line joining the south-east beacon of Kopje Alleen to the south-west beacon of Northcroft; on the north-east by the Shashani river and the farms Tabas N'Yoni and Alicedale; on the east by Prospect Ranch and the Shashani river; on the south by a line drawn from a point on the Shashani river nearest to the Mystery Mine to the junction of the Semokwe river with the Simpati river; on the west by the Semokwe river, the farms Grootfontein, Alexander, Pleasant View, the Semokwe river, the Bembeswana river and the farms Newlands and Woodstock.

(This Reserve is surveyed.)

GWANDA DISTRICT.

Gwanda Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By a line drawn from the southern beacon of the Seear Block on the Shashani river and running along the eastern boundaries of the Seear and Kanya Blocks to the south-west beacon of the farm Pelele; thence along the southern boundaries of the farms Pelele, Malote, Gobateme, Zhokwe and Crocodile to the Tuli river; thence down the Tuli river to the nearest point to the Msandane Mountain; thence to this mountain; and thence in a straight line westward to the starting point.

BULALIMA-MANGWE DISTRICT.

Nata Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By a line drawn from the junction of the Nata and Tegwani rivers up the Nata river to a beacon on its right bank about three miles west of Nkogo Dip; thence along a beaconsed line running generally eastward to a beacon on the north-west boundary of the Sedgwick Syndicate Extension about two miles from its north-west beacon; thence by the boundaries of the properties Sedgwick Syndicate Extension, Zizoomba, Kalaka, Dhlulu, Burton's Grant and Mananza, so as to exclude them; thence in a straight line from the most westerly beacon of Mananza to the junction of the Manzamnyama and Natane rivers; thence up the Manzamnyama river to the north-western boundary of Sandown North; thence along the north-western and western boundaries of Sandown North, the north and west boundaries of Kirby Block and the west boundary of Pandis to its south-west beacon; thence direct to the north beacon of Tjedu and along the northern boundaries of the farms Tjankwa, Burntside and Reserve to the Tegwani river; thence down the Tegwani river to the starting point.

Mphoeng Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north by Ingwesi Farm, Shesha Mangwe and the Mangwe river; on the south-east by Lewisdale, Brunapeg and Warmley; on the south-west by the Ramaquabane river; on the west by the Umpakwe river, Reserve and Woodlands.

(It is a surveyed area.)

Raditladi Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north by the Ramaquabane Native Area; on the east by the Umpakwe river; on the south by Rockhaven and Blackwater; on the south-west by Reserve; on the west by the Ramaquabane river.

(It is a surveyed area.)

NYAMANDHLOVU DISTRICT.

Gwaai Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north by a line drawn from the junction of the Gwaai and Insuza rivers to the beacon G.R.1; thence direct westward to a point on the Bulawayo-Victoria Falls railway line near the 780½ mile peg; thence direct to the source of the Sihume Valley and down this valley; on the east by the Gwaai river from the junction of the Gwaai and Insuza rivers to the junction of the Gwaai and Khami rivers; on the south by the north-west boundary of the Sedgwick Syndicate Extension and the Nata Reserve; on the west by a line drawn north and south so as to include not less than 1,100,000 acres within the Reserve.

BUBI DISTRICT.

Ntabezinduna Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By the properties Annaley, Battlefield Block, Reserve, Heany Junction Farm, Imbesu Block, Maldon and Gravesend so as to exclude them all.

Inyati Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By the properties Lortondale, Inyati Mission, hundred acre lot on left bank of Inkwekwesi river, Finchams and Huntsman so as to exclude them all.

Shangani Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By a line beginning at beacon S.R.1 on the Gwelo river and running along a beacons line through consecutively numbered beacons to S.R.6 on the Shangani river; thence southwards along this river to the northern beacon of the Kenilworth Block; thence along the north-west boundary of this Block to a point opposite Gulungushi Vlei which is the source of the Gwampa river; thence direct to a beacon at Gulungushi Vlei marked S.R.10; thence down the Gwampa river to a point on it 15 miles from its junction with the Bubi river; thence along a line due north to the Kana river; thence east up the Kana river to beacon S.R.11; thence in a beacons line east

to beacon S.R.18; thence to beacon S.R.19 and thence through beacon S.R.20 back to beacon S.R.1.

(A small portion of this Reserve falls into the Gwelo District.)

SEBUNGWE DISTRICT.

Pashu Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—32,000 morgen of land at and around Pashu's Kraal.

(A small portion of this Reserve falls into the Wankie District.)

Sibaba Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—32,000 morgen of land at and around Sibaba's Kraal.

(A portion of this Reserve falls into the Wankie District.)

Impampa Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—32,000 morgen of land at and around Impampa's Kraal.

Omay Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—On the north by the Zambesi river; on the east by the Omay river; on the south by the footpath passing through Picaninyemba and Manyobe vlei on to the Sengwe river; on the west by the Sengwe river.

Sebungwe Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—By the Tshota and Gungugwe rivers, the Sanyati river, the Mvumvudsi river, and the watershed from the source of the Tshota river to the source of the Mvumvudsi river.

WANKIE DISTRICT.

Wankie Reserve.—Bounded as follows:—From a point on the eastern boundary of the Wankie Coal Area where the Inyantue river finally leaves the area; thence down that river to its junction with the Gwaai river; thence down the latter to its junction with the Zambesi; thence up the Zambesi to its junction with the Matetsi river; thence up the Matetsi river to its junction with the Ombi river; thence south-east in a straight line to the junction of the Gwamba and Dekka rivers; thence down the Dekka river for a distance of about $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles; thence direct to the north-east beacon of the Wankie Coal Concession and along its eastern boundary to the starting point.

Reserve Area A.—Bounded as follows:—Commencing at a point where the Wankie road crosses the south-eastern boundary of the Wankie Coal Area; then in a north-easterly direction along the said boundary to the south-east beacon of that area; thence in a northerly direction along the eastern boundary of the said coal area until the Inyantue river is reached; thence down that river to its junction with the Ilamba river; thence in a southerly direction until the north-eastern boundary of the Rhodesia Native Timber Concessions area is reached; thence in a north-westerly direction along the north-eastern boundary of the said concession

to the Wankie road; thence along that road to the point first mentioned.

Reserve Area B.—Bounded as follows:—Commencing at the junction of the Deka and Gwamba rivers; thence direct to the junction of the Mbija and Matetsi rivers; thence up the Mbija river to its headwaters; thence in a westerly direction for a distance of two miles; thence for a distance of eight miles to a point approximately three miles north of the Lukunguni river; thence in a south-easterly direction to the Lukunguni river; thence down that river to its junction with the Matetsi river; thence up the Matetsi river to its junction with the Ombi river; thence in a straight line to the starting point.

Pashu and Sibaba Reserves.—Portions of these Reserves fall into the Wankie District. (For description see under Sebungwe District.)